weather and higher temperatures with rain or snow in Washington and Oregon and rain in northern California within the next 36 hours, and continued fair weather with zero temperatures in Idaho and Nevada was issued and given to the press.

Storm warnings were ordered on 17 days and frost

warnings issued repeatedly between the 9th and 27th. The warnings were generally timely and verified.

The record for low temperature in December, was broken at North Head, Eureka, Winnemucca, Boise, and Pocatello during the month.—G. H. Willson.

# 627.4/ (73) RIVERS AND FLOODS

## By H. C. FRANKENFIELD

Inspection of the table following will disclose the fact that no floods of consequence occurred during the month of December. Those that did occur were confined mainly to some of the rivers of the Carolinas and to the Kentucky and Green Rivers of Kentucky and the Wabash River of Indiana. The heavy rains of December 7 and 8 would ordinarily have caused severe floods in the rivers of South Carolina and Kentucky but the preceding season had been so devoid of rainfall that the soil absorbed much of the water that would ordinarily have gone into the rivers. This is especially true of the Kentucky and Green drainage areas over which the rainfall for the two days mentioned ranged from 3.5 to 8.5 inches, yet the resulting floods were only moderate and without damage of consequence. The Wabash River flood of the third decade of the month was somewhat more pronounced, although not at all dangerous. The soil was moist from the earlier rains of the month and the heavy fall from December 17 to 19 was sufficient to raise the river a few feet above flood stages, except at Lafayette, Ind., where the excess was 10.2 feet. Here also the losses were small. The remaining floods noted in the table do not need special mention.

The loss and damage resulting from the floods were virtually nothing in the Carolinas and Georgia, and only about \$8,000 elsewhere, with reported savings through the warnings issued of at least an equivalent

amount.

Other rivers were low as a rule. At the close of the month the Mississippi River was frozen over as far south as Hannibal, Mo., or a short distance below, while the Missouri River was frozen to a short distance below the mouth of the Kansas River. On December 29 an ice gorge formed in the Mississippi River at Turkey Island, about 55 miles below St. Louis, backing up the water above to such an extent that the river at St. Louis rose from 3.7 feet on the morning of December 29 to 11 feet at midnight December 31, with a further slow rise to 12.6 feet by January 5, 1925.

River and station	Flood stage	Above flood stages—dates			Crest	
		Fre	om—	То—	Stage	Date
ATLANTIC DRAINAGE  Roanoke, Weldon, N. C	Feet 30 12 12	<b>{</b>	11 12 25 12 26	11 19 (1) 22 (1)	Feet 32.0   13.8   13.3   7.6	11 14 15–16
Pelzer, S. C	7 14 22		10 25 25	25 25 25	15. 2 23. 3	25

<sup>1</sup> Continued at end of month.

River and station	Flood	Above stages		Crest	
	stage	From—	То	Stage	Date
MISSISSIPPI DRAINAGE					
	Feet	1 1	_	Feet	_
Licking, Falmouth, Ky	28	8	9	29.2	9
Kentucky:		1 _ 1	_		_
High Bridge, Ky	30	9	9	31.3	ð
Frankfort, Ky	31	8	10	32.0	9
Green:		ا ،	12	39.3	11
Munfordville, Ky	28 30		12	37.2	12
Lock No. 6, Brownsville, Ky	33		14	42.2	11
LOCK NO. 4, WOODDURY, Ky	33		16	35.4	15
Lock No. 4, Woodbury, Ky Lock No. 2, Rumsey, Ky Big Barren, Bowling Green, Ky	20		10	21.0	10
Wabash:	- 1	9	10	ا ۱۰۰۰ ا	10
Lafayette, Ind	.] 11	19	23	21.2	21
Terre Haute, Ind.	] îŝ		27	19.4	24
Vincennes Ind	14		i 30	16.7	28
Vincennes, Ind	16		28	16.0	28
White West Forks				1	
Noblesville, Ind	14	20	20	14.7	20
Elliston, Ind	19		24	20.4	- 23
Edwardsport, Ind	. 15		26	17. 4	25
Big Pigeon, Newport, Tenn	. 6	9	9	6.7	9
Moramon	1			1	
Steelville, Mo	_   12		20	12.1	20
Pacific, Mo.	_  11		22	16.0	22
Bourbeuse, Union, Mo	_ 10		21	12.4	21
White, Batesville, Ark	_ 23		21	23.9	21
Gasconade, Arlington, Mo	_ 12	20	21	13.0	20
PACIFIC DRAINAGE		ł	1		
· A		م ا	<b></b>	1	
Willamette, Eugene, Oreg	. 10		(1)	14.0	30
Santiam, Jefferson, Oreg	_ 10	) 30	30	11.0	30

#### MEAN LAKE LEVELS DURING DECEMBER, 1924

By United States Lake Survey [Detroit, Mich., January 5, 1925]

The following data are reported in the "Notice to Mariners" of the above date:

Data	Lakes 1					
	Superior	Michi- gan and Huron	Erie	Ontario		
Mean level during December, 1924: Above mean sea level at New York Above or below—	Feet 601. 49	Feet 578. 48	Fcet 570. 84	Feet 244, 58		
Mean stage of November, 1924 Mean stage of December, 1923 Average stage for December last 10	23 24	28 32	24 41	37 +. 11		
years	78 -1. 64 +. 29	-1. 43 -4. 10 32	86 -2, 69 02	66 -3. 03 +1. 15		
Average relation of the December level to:  November level January level		2 (²)	1 +. 1	2 (²)		

Lake St. Clair's level: In December, 1924, 573.49 feet.
 Practically no difference.

# EFFECT OF WEATHER ON CROPS AND FARMING OPERATIONS—DECEMBER, 1924

### By J. B. KINCER

General conditions.—The outstanding features of the weather in relation to agricultural interests during December were the breaking of the widespread drought from the Mississippi Valley eastward during the first part of the month and the unusually cold weather which interrupted all outdoor operations over most of the country during the latter half. The first copious rainfall for a long time occurred over the States from the Ohio and middle Mississippi Valleys southward, and the drought, which had become the most severe of record in parts of that area, was effectually relieved. In central and east Gulf and South Atlantic districts the increased moisture facilitated plowing, while vegetation in general was favorably affected. Except for some interruption by rainfall, seasonable outdoor operations made good progress in